Confers With President.

Commissioner Chambers of the federal mediation board held a brief conference with President Wilson early this morning. Afterward he would make no comment on his visit.

President Wilson summoned representatives of the employers and em-ployes involved in the threatened strike to the White House today for a conference to discuss proposals which conference to discuss proposals which have developed out of his original plan

of settlement.

The four brotherhood heads said on entering the White House at 10:30 o'clock that they did not know why they had been called by the President. It was understood President Wilson wanted to get their views on legislation under consideration to prevent such a controversy in the future.

No Announcement After Conference. The four brotherhood heads remained with the President an hour and a half,

but would make no statement on leav-The President kept the cabinet waiting for an hour to continue his conference with the railroad men.

"The situation in so far as we are concerned." A. B. Garretson, spokesman for the employes, later said, "is absolutely unchanged. No complete concrete proposition to which the railoads will agree has been tendered us position is exactly the same as it when we accepted the President's We have deviated from it in no

the White House to report to a meet-ing of the men, but insisted they had nothing particular to communicate. W. G. Lee of the trainmen gave out copies of an order which, he said, had been sent by the Northern Pacific to been sent by the Northern Pacific to station agents directing them to get local interests to send telegraphic protests to President Wilson against settling the controversy by other means than arbitration. The telegrams, Mr. Lee declared, were to be paid for by the railroad, and were evidence of what the men characterize as a propogranda against the President's plan.

The situation looks very bad. I believe that today adjustment is at a more critical stage than at any time for the last month," said one of the prominent railroad presidents today in confidential conversation with a longconfidential conversation with a long

Objections to Granting Demands.

Railway presidents today were confronted; with a number of objections to their tentative plan for meeting the union brotherhoods' demands by granting the eight-hour day on condition that freight rate increases and public investigation of future wages disputes

be assured.

These conditions weighed against the chances of a rate increase: There is no means of assuring what action the interstate commerce commission might take, particularly inasmuch as previously it has indicated unwillingness to consider wage standards in deplination. to consider wage standards in dealing with proposed rate increases; strong influence of big shippers probably would be thrown against higher rates. President Wilson's stand for an increase would amount to little if he should fall of re-election; regardless of other hazards, new rates could not be put into effect before next March. The greatest element of uncertainty regarding the proposed legislation for creating a federal body to investigate labor demands before a strike might be allowed, was the probable hostility of labor leaders to the plan.

Continued hostility of many presidents to the eight-hour day under any circumstances is said to complicate the situation further. der wage standards in dealing

Final Action Delayed.

Objections which developed last night at a meeting of railroad presidents and managers, to points in the tentative plan evolved by the committee of eight presidents, considering ways to avoid the threatened general strike, resulted in postponement of final action. The conference adjourned with the presidents in such a mood that, as one president phrased it "the controversy may be settled in twenty minutes, or it may go over until next

A statement issued by the railroad ex-exutives last night, summed it up this

exuitives last night, summed it up way:

"At the invitation of President Wilson, Messrs. Hale Holden, Judge R. S. Lovett and Daniel Willard went to the White House at noon and held a short conference with the President.

"A conference of the railroad executives was held at 3 o'clock, and a new phase of the situation of some importance was laid

the situation of some importance was laid before the conference by the special com-

"After a considerable discussion without definite action, an adjournment was taken until 11 o'clock tomorrow (Friday) morning. In the meantime the special committee of the presidents will continue its labors."

Its labors."

The special committee's plan, drafted after a week's consideration, would provide for granting an eight-hour "basic" day to the trainmen, but with assurance that every effort would be made by the administration to secure a freight rate increase to recompense the roads, and the further assurance that Congress would be asked to enact legislation to insure settlement of future labor disputes through an investigation commission.

Arguments Against Freight Increase

The entire plan has not been laid before all the executives and managers. Its points have been discussed at the and women of the race to give their various conferences. It developed after last night's meeting that objection had been raised to the freight rate increase of the United States. The resolution feature on at least two grounds. It was agreed by some that there can

be no assurance of a rate increase, because no one could say what the interstate commerce commission might do, and that some of the most important shippers of the country already have nade it plain that they are not in sympathy with any move which may mean at the session this afterno

rate increase. It was pointed out also that although President Wilson has expressed his be-

later.

Attention was called to the fact that the commission hitherto has held that it cannot consider wage standards in dealing with proposed rate increases, although legislation by Congress might remove that difficulty.

Attention was called to the fact that the commission hitherto has held that cording secretary; Julia Embry, retording secretary; the company owning the submarine is busy with preparations to extend the traffic.

REPORTS U-BOAT BREMEN

remove that difficulty

tirely willing now to back such legis-lation he might not be in a position to do so when it was proposed. Repre-sentatives of the brotherhood who heard this phase of the plan were

the board of mediation and concilia

The railroad presidents are under stood not to be insigtent upon the commission idea for the settlement of future disputes, and the main difficulty has been the working out of operating plans under an eight-hour day, and of

plans under an eight-hour day, and of giving assurances to the presidents and managers that they can count upon a freight rate increase.

Presidents and managers agree that the operating problem presented is one of the most complicated they ever have undertaken. There seems to be a general opinion that the eight-hour day must be granted, but the roads which now are operating on only a narrow margin of profit, or on which the physical difficulties are unusual, present serious problems to be overcome. The effort has been to include in the eight-hour day concession a solution of some of the other questions, such as overtime pay, etc., which might make it less expensive to the railroads.

railroads.

It has become known that in their thas become known that in their conference with President Wilson the executives pointed out that, since it was his view that the eight-hour day is approved by society, apparently it eventually must be extended to other railroad employes, and to those in other lines of endeavor. An estimate of the ultimate cost was given the President.

Public Opinion Consenting.

President Wilson is said to have aken the position that the freight rate ncrease will be forthcoming, because the weight of public opinion will back the eight-hour day, and will also back any plan to give the railroads the revenue to provide for the added expense. Statements were issued last night by President Pennington of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie, and P. R. Albright, general manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, emphasizing the railroad view of the additional cost to them of an eight-hour day. Mr. Pennington said for the railroads to accept something which would cause them to spend \$52,000,000 more annually would seriously affect their credit.

He pointed out that in 1907 the railroads earned 5.85 per cent on their investment, in 1913 the rate was 4.83, in 12'4 3.94 per cent, and in 1915. 4.04 per cent. Despite a large increase in earnenue to provide for the added expense.

cen. Despite a large increase in earn-ings the last year, he added, incomplete returns show a probable rate for 1916

of about 5.50 per cent.

Mr. Albright said if the eight-hour day is adopted and the present standard run for a day of 100 miles is retained, it will mean an increase for engineers on his road from a minimum wage of \$5.25 per day to \$7.18 per day.

Brotherhood Leaders Waiting.

Brotherhood leaders maintained las night that the full plan of settlement to be suggested by the railroad heads, which is said to contain some amendment to the President's proposal already accepted by the men, had not been outlined to them officially. They knew of it in a general way, they said, but had no definite information re-

was the way A. B. Garretson summed up the situation.

It is known, however, that if the railroad heads insist upon the formation of a federal commission for the investigation of labor differences before a strike is called, as reports have it they will, vigorous opposition will be voiced by many members of the brotherhoods. This plan, which has been freely discussed among the railroad heads, has not been suggested to the brotherhood leaders officially to determine how they stand on it, it is understood, but several of them will oppose it if it is proposed.

CALL TO UNIVOLD ADDATES A BURNEL TO TRIPLE TO THE MEMBER A BURNEL TO THE STATE OF THE STATE TO THE STATE OF THE STATE

CALL TO UPHOLD ARBITRATION.

Illinois Manufacturers Call Confer-

ence of Industrial Organizations. CHICAGO, August 25 .- The Illinois Manufacturers' Association has called a conference of similar organizations from many states to meet in Chicago, August 29, to "uphold the principle of arbitration and to secure united action on the part of industries with reference to the controversy between railroads and their trainmen."

Telegrams stating the purpose of the conference were sent to the Iowa, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and Massachusetts state manufacturers, organizations, the Minneapolis Employers' Association and a number of large individual manufacturers throughou the middle west.

The telegram states: "The manufacturers "The manufacturers and public will be seriously injured if the principle of arbitration is not maintained."

The Chicago Association of Commerce sent a long telegram to President Wilson urging that the association be permitted to present its views to him before he acts further in the pending controversy.

HUGHES AND FAIRBANKS ARE GIVEN INDORSEMENT

Negro National Educational Congress Adopts Resolutions-Various Topics Discussed.

Charging that the progress of the colored race has ever been retarded under democratic rule, and that the continuation of that party in power would threaten the existence of "our most cherished institutions," the Negro National Educational Congress adopted resolutions last night appealing to men and women of the race to give their united support to Hughes and Fair-ing displayed in building and navigating the submarine.

was introduced by George T. Wasson of Missouri.

A general discussion was held at the A general discussion was need at the session today on the question "Is There Any Justification for Race Hatred in America?" J. D. Rivers of Denver, Col., is scheduled to deliver an address on "Is the History of the Several Black Republics the Highest Evidence of the Negro's Ability of Self-Government?"

Officers Are Re-Elected.

President Wilson has expressed his belief that such a rate increase should be granted if the eight-hour day is the sension last night as follows: Dr. given the employes, no one can tell how the next election is coming out and that there can by no posibility be an increase before next March or probably dent; J. W. Hale of Tennessee, correlater.

Arguments Against Commission.

The principal arguments against the idea of a permanent commission for the prevention or settlement of strikes were that it would almost certainly be fought by labor in Congress, and that while President Wilson might be entirely willing now to back such legistation he might not be in a position to do so when it was proposed. Representatives of the heads of the proposed respectively. consin, national lecturers.

SELECT SUBCOMMITTEE OF RAILROAD PRESIDENTS.



Railroad executives leaving White House after a conference with President Wilson. president of the Union Pacific; Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore and Ohio, and Hale Holden, chairman of the delegation, and president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad.

LOSS OF MAUREPAS:

(Continued from First Page.)

The French official statement of today

DEUTSCHLAND WILL

Preparations Are Well Under GERMANS ADMIT

in their editorial comments, and discuss the possibility of the empire

States government. The Cologne Gazzette savs:

"The American government was thoroughly and correctly neutral. The American feet saw strictly that the American boundaries were duly respected by the English as well as the spected by the English as well as the spected by the English cruiser had surreptitiously entered Chesapeake bay at night."

The semi-official Norddeutsche Allegemeine Zeitung points out that ships of the Deutschland and Bremen type will render valuable service during the control of the deutsche and surgestions of the Deutschland and Bremen type will render valuable service during the control of the Commissioners by tomorrow.

Take Against Hill 121, occupied by our artillery against the District as yet, and accordancy toops. Mowed down by our artillery and machine-gun fire, the enemy was unably to complete the District as yet, and accordancy to the latest advice from the health officials at Richmond there will probably be none."

Dr. Corbett also stated that in case the Virginia officials decided to established by Virginia against the District as yet, and accordancy to the latest advice from the health officials at Richmond there will probably be none."

Dr. Corbett also stated that in case the Virginia officials at Richmond there will probably be none."

Dr. Corbett also stated that in case the Virginia officials at Richmond there will probably be none."

Dr. Woodward spent the greater part of today working on proposed amendments of the District's infantile paralysis regulations and expects to have them ready for submission to the Commissioners by tomorrow.

The semi-official Norddeutsche Allegemeine Zeitung points out that ships of the Deutschland and Bremen type will render valuable service during the war, but their value will be slight on the return of peace.

Capt. Koenig personally expressed great satisfaction at the treatment accorded him by the American government

Captain and Crew Congratulated.

From all parts of Germany, AustriaHungary, Bulgaria and Turkey messages of congratulation are arriving for Capt. Koenig and his crew. One came from the Hungarian lower chamber addressed to the German reichstag.

Capt. Koenig and his crew will be Capt. Koenig and his crew will be Capt. Repeated and the content of the c Capt. Koenig and his crew will be given at Bremen an official reception, which will be attended by many high government officials and prominent

Count von Reventlow, in the Deutsche Tages Zeitung, is almost alone in tak-ing a pessimistic view of the entire affair. He calls attention to the fact that overestimating the value of the merchant submarine is detrimental to German national interests. The

Warned Not to Expect Too Much.

The Deutsche Tages Zeitung warns the public not to expect too much from commercial submarine traffic. The papers generally allude to the satisfactory preparation made in Baltimore for taking care of the Deutschland and her cargo and to the sufficiency of the raw material to supply her with cargoes for many more voyages.

The Tageblatt, in its comments, lays stress upon the new commercial rela-tions established by means of this voyage between Germany and the United States despite the British blockide and restrictions upon commerce saying that while the interchange of products is so far of a limited nature, the company owning the submarine is mont. Near Maurepas, and especially to the south strong French forces were

IS CAPTURED BY BRITISH

English Officer Is Quoted as Authority for Statement-Taken in Straits of Dover.

NEW YORK, August 25 .- The New Now it way proposed. Representatives of the brotherhood who heard this phase of the plan were plainly against it.

A counter suggestion was heard among the presidents that strike questions should be left to the interstate commerce commission, with power to investigate and make a public report of their findings with a strike held in abeyance pending the investigation. The special committees plan had been tentatively accepted by the committee of eight, and it was the subject of yesteday's conference at the for yesteday's conference at the formal plant of the formal p York City News Association quotes "an

water and her bow high above the sur-face. After endeavoring for a time to extricate the wreck, the patrol boat steamed away for Dover with her prisoners. According to the officer quoted the British government has maintained silence in regard to the capture, as another German transatlantic submarine, the Amerika, was said to be on the way-here and it was hoped to capture her also.

Four-Year-Old Boy Is Victim of Epidemic-Virginia Quarantine Not Against District.

ALLIES PRESS ON The third death in the District of Co lumbia this year from infantile paralysis was reported to the health department to-

Dr. H. C. Corbett, secretary of the board of health of Alexandria county

through merchant submarines. Capt. Koenig and his crew have been feted as heroes.

The press gives liberal praise to the fair and neutral conduct of the United States government. The Cologne Gazette savs:

"The American government was thoroughly and correctly neutral. The American fleet saw strictly that the American boundaries were duly re-American boundaries are related to come back to Virginia after entering the District. I want to correct this misapprehension, as there has been no quarantine established by Virginia against the District as yet, and according to the latest advice from the health of Alexandria county, Va., in a statement of today for health of Alexandria county, Va., in a statement of today for health of Alexandria county, Va., in a statement of today for health of Alexandria county, Va., in a statement of today by a. The Somme our troops consolidated themselves during the night on the ground captured north and north-west of Maurepas. South of the village the Germans made a sharp counter at tack against Hill 121, occupied by our troops. Mowed down by our artillery and machine-gun fire, the enemy was unable to approach our lines at any point, and suffered heavy losses. Some sixty prisoners, including two officers, feli into difficial sat Richmond there will probable to approach our lines at any point.

The American fleet saw strictly that the American boundaries were duly re-American boundaries were duly re-Amer

Condition of Epidemic in New York Encourages Health Experts-Old as the World, Says Parisian.

demic of infantile paralysis showed down a German biplane, which fell near another big drop today in the number Gremacy, northeast of Nancy." of new cases and deaths reported, and health experts were more confiden than ever that the disease was being controlled. During the twenty-four

Prof. Netter considers a proposed quarantine of vessels from infected Sergt. Blackman, Company A, paraded his new uniform in each tent yesterday, say his comrades. Sergt. Ward got a new uniform, too, but no one knew it for a week. ports ridiculous.

Quarantine Prohibits All Under 16 Years to Enter State.

BERLIN, August 25, by wireless to Sayville.—Preparations for another voyage of the submarine Deutschland to the United States are well under way. Freight is being received for this trip. The amount of cargo now ready is larger than had been expected, the Overseas News Agency says. All the members of the crew have expressed readiness to sign for the next voyage.

Berlin Decorated With Flags.

Most of the buildings here are decked with flags in celebration of the return of the merchant submarine Deutschland. The newspapers give the exploit of Capt. Koenig the prominent place of the communication.

(Continued from First Page.)

cannonading is in progress along a line from Vermandovillers through Lihons, Chaulnes and Roye to Lassign. The victim was Lawrence Joseph Headley, three years and eleven months old, of 1705 K street.

This case was recorded by the health department westerday, and is the first instance of the death of an infant. The officer Woodward has received artillery.

"Captive German balloons again have appeared in the air," says the cornorier trespondent, "but were withdrawn quickly three years and eleven months old, of 1705 K street.

This case was recorded by the health department westerday, and is the first instance of the death of an infant. The officer Woodward has received artillery.

"Captive German balloons again have appeared in the air," says the cornorier the position of the allied artillery.

"Captive German balloons again have appeared in the air," says the cornorier the position of the allied artillery.

"Captive German balloons again have appeared in the air," says the cornorier the position of the allied artillery.

"Captive German balloons again have appeared in the air," says the cornorier the position of the allied artillery.

"Captive German balloons again have appeared to the neath day. The eather through line, form the liasting form the allied artillery.

The destructive French fire has directed by the state against of the captive form the allied artillery.

The artillery.

The c forming a great big figure "2" for 2d Cavalry and then forming a gigantic cross as the troop trots up the field while the band plays "Onward, Chris-

dun front) the enemy's artillery dis- INFANTILE PARALYSIS TAKES ANOTHER BIG DROP

There was a funeral ceremony in Company L street yesterday. Back of their camp is a little grave of a victim of a big battle, in which bolos, bayonets, rifles and feet were used. It is the grave of a little mouse, caught in one of the surplus kit bags in the tents. He was duly boxed, carried on a litter and his body lowered, after which three volleys were fired and Bugler Dyer sounded taps. Company I has challenged the wall-scaling team of Company M. The prize is \$65, which each command is required to raise to carry out the challenge.

Last night's communication regarding the advance at Maurepas says:

"North of the Somme, about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, we attacked German positions in the Maurepas region. After carrying in a single dash that part of the village which the enemy still occupied and adjoining trenches, we established a line 200 meters beyond on a front of about two kilometers, stretching from the railroad north of the village to Hill 121 on the southeast. We took prisoners 200 Germans during this operation and captured a dozen machine guns."

German Official Report.

BERLIN, August 25.—Yesterday's statement regarding operations in the west says:

"North of the Somme yesterday evening and last night fresh efforts on the part of the enemy were rendered fullished."

East night's communication regarding controlled. During the twenty-four hours ended at 10 a.m. there were only twenty-two deaths and ninety-four new cases, the lowest number in a month. Yesterday there were thirty-one deaths and 109 new cases.

PARIS, August 25.—Infantile paralysis, whose appearance in France seems to be feared, is said by Prof. Arnold Netter, a member of the Academy of Medicine, and an authority on the disase well as children.

As to treatment Prof. Netter adds: "Beginning in 1910 we employed injections of a serum derived from subjects previously affected with the disease, and the results were excellent wherever the subject could be treated at the outset. The use of the serum may be considered as capable of arresting the progress and of even causing a disappearance of paralysis already developed."

Prof. Netter considers g proposed Company H men say they are working hard to put up a good showing in the Butts' manual tomorrow. Privates Claude T. Huff and Wade P. Lane, Company H, have been pro-moted to be corporals. Top Sergt. Cummings of E Com-pany has been spending the past two days in the city looking for members of his command absent without leave. He has brought seven men into camp.

VIRGINIA PUTS UP BARS.

RICHMOND, Va., August 25 .- Dr. En-

nion G. Williams, state health commissioner, this morning sent to railroads and steamship lines operating in

REVENUE AGENT SHOT

MILITIA REHEARSES

Sanitary Troops Show How to

Deal With Injured at Fort

GIVEN BY TROOPS C AND D

What They Have Learned-Prac-

tice Marches and Drills.

day exercises Saturday, in which every

organisation in camp participated, was

under personal direction of Lieut. Col.

First Aid to Injured.

They marched on the field this morn

Troop A Ready.

of men and practically all equipmen

mustering officer, probably will inspect the organization this afternoon to see

if it has its full equipment, exclusive

CAMP NOTES.

Troop A, cavalry, has full compliment

Anton Stephan, 3d Infantry.

exhibition.

FANCY RIDING EXHIBIT

FOR TOURNAMENT Mays Expected to Die, While Blockader He Was After Was Also

> LYNCHBURG, Va., August 25 .- In battle yesterday, eight miles from Stuart, Va., just across the North Carolina boundary, Revenue Agent B. H. Mays was shot and probably fatally

Signal Corps and Infantry Practice

FRESH BEEF FOR MILITIA.

tent, Camp Ordway, early in the morn-

held on the polo field at Fort Myer this morning. All field and staff officers Supplies Are Dealt Out Each Mornwere spectators, in addition to resi ing to Cooks of Camp Ordway. dents at the post. Practically the whole One standing in the supply company's morning was consumed in rehearsa

The stands for the spectators will be at the north end of the drill field. All troop movements will be at that command come over to this butcher's damage as she possibly can.

shop to get their fresh meat ration—

It is stated that German end. In the rehearsal this morning the troops showed the effect of intensive

One feature of the tournament will be the establishment of a field dressing station as maintained on the firing line during an engagement. The sanitary troops of the 3d Infantry, under Cant Bryson and Lieut. Gibbs, will give this ing with an ambulance and litters. At sound of bugle they pitched a tent fly and put up a litter on four stakes, to be used as an operating table.

Five men ran on the field and lay down. Lieut. Gibbs placed a tag on each telling what he was supposed to be suffering from. Then members of the detachment went out and applied first

ARRIVES AT NEW LONDON.

aid.

The "injured" then were brought to the dressing station. Some were carried on litters, while others were brought in on the backs of members of the san-Interned Steamer Willehad at Eastern Forwarding Company's Pier. on the backs of members of the sanitary detachment.
On one of the "injured" men Lieut. Gibbs placed a tag indicating the man had a broken arm. He weighed about 250 pounds, or thereabouts. He walked to the dressing station. Men with broken arms are not carried on litters.
Between the various numbers the band plays. One officer suggested that an appropriate piece to play while the sanitary detachment was on the field was "Nearer, My God, to Thee." NEW LONDON, August 25 .- The Gerterned at Boston at the outbreak of made of the German government conthe European war and sailed from cerning its official attitude toward the Boston yesterday by way of Cape Cod threats now appearing against the canal, arrived here this morning. United States in certain German news-

Protests Western Union Rates.

The Commercial Cable Company com while the band plays "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

The Signal Corps and Company M also put on exhibitions, the former showing the complete semaphore alphabet and the latter a fine display of close order drilling and wall scaling.

Troop A, cavalry also put on a drill, showing the results of two months of training. The riding of these militiamen, who did not have the use of horses until some time after they came to Fort Myer, was excellent.

The officers and men expect a large crowd out to the tournament. It will continue practically the entire afternoon and will give people of Washingtof who attend a fine chance to see practically every drill in the army.

With the tournament practice nearly over, plans already are being made for a strenuous week for the soldiers, beginning Monday. It will be full of drills and long practice marches and field problems. plained to the interstate commerce commission today that the Western gotiated between Great Britain and Union Telegraph Company charges full rates for delivering deferred cable-grams to interior points with which the Postal Telegraph Company does not connect, but only charges half rates to the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, and the Central and South American Telegraph Company. Reparation of \$8,880 is asked. It also is alleged that the Western Union charges the French cable company full rates. Union Telegraph Company charges full the United States for protection of in-

IN FIGHT OVER WHISKY VON TIRPITZ PROPOSES U-BOAT DO WORST

Discredited German Naval Officer Wants Unrestricted Submarine Warfare Resumed.

Mail reports of a "manifesto" recently wounded, and William Smith, one of the issued by Admiral von Tirpitz, former blockaders, was also shot. Jim and head of the German navy, calling for an Fletcher Smith, nephews of the wound- unrestricted renewal of the submarine

Fletcher Smith, nephews of the wounded man, who were engaged in the battle, escaped unburt and are at large. The officers trailed a wagon load of liquor to the home of Smith. When Smith was ordered to surrender he opened fire on Deputy Mays, who was with Deputy Ross.

Mays was shot in the abdomen. Herturned the fire and hit the elder Smith in the abdomen. Fletcher Smith also shot Mays in the shoulder. Jim Smith served a federal prison term for the killing of a revenue agent eight years ago. Additional revenue men are reported to have joined the hunt for the fugitives. country apparently friendly, but in reality hostile, to German interests and docile to British desires. He wants restrictions removed at once from the German U-boats in order that the fight for existence may be carried to the limit.

The "manifesto" was issued over a month ago. It declared renewal of subing when fresh beef is being served marine operations would cripple England out can get a good idea of what kind seriously and do no harm so far as the of meat is being given to the various United States is concerned, as that comcommands. The kitchen details of each try already is doing Germany as much

It is stated that Germany's promise about three-quarters of a pound to a to the United States to discontinue subman.

Full dress stew with an overcoat and slum gullion are some of the fancy names given the food by the army cooks. Each cook wants the best meat, but Sergt. Eddie Roach, commissary, and Butcher Dawson, allot it so that no one company gets the best meat each day. Roache figures out the amount for each command, according to the number of men, while Butcher Dawson cuts and weighs the big sides of beef.

Eddie and Dawson keep the cooks in a good humor all the time, and if they have any complaint about being cut short or the meat being a little tough they forget it as soon as they get inside of the screen door.

marine warfare against merchantmen was based on the understanding that measures would be taken by the government to modify the severity of the British blockade. It is pointed out that nothing has been done along that line, despite assurances from Mr. Gerard to the Berlin foreign office that the United States would act vigorously and insist upon protection of American rights with regard to the blockade. It is said at the State Department that Ambassador Gerard will be asked to forward the text of the von Tirpitz manifesto by cable. Von Tirpitz is the leader of the radical element in the German navy, and since his enforced retirement his views have been in eclipse. marine warfare against merchantmer

Trouble Maker.

representing the views of the government. It is realized, however, that von Tirpitz still is capable of stirring up trouble. It is possible that Secreman steamer Willehad, which was in- tary Lansing may ask that inquiry be

Between the various numbers the band plays. One officer suggested that an appropriate place to play while the sanitary detachment was on the field was "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

Fancy Biding.

Troops C and D, 2d Cavalry, put on their exhibition of fancy riding, forming circles and squares, making charges, etc. The feature of this is forming a great big figure "2" for 2d for the manning and squares, and the state of the squares of the feature of this is forming a great big figure "2" for 2d for the sand canal, arrived here this morning. United States in certain German newspapers.

Secretary Lansing said yesterday that he had asked Great Britain again when the joint French-British reply to the new state pier, on which are new storage sheds of the Eastern Forwarding Company, the American agency for the German line of submarine merchantmen.

She is expected to lie up here for an indefinite period.

Treaty to Shield Birds Gets O.K. The Senate committee on foreign relations today reported the treaty ne-

Young Women May Now Take Their First Peep



At the New Fall Boots

NOTHING like being FIRST to wear latest Footwear styles. And here you'll already find a new assortment that is thoroughly representative and distinctive.

At \$5, \$6, \$7 & \$8

A New Crop of Men's \$3 Specials

IS ready. Of course, we mean NEW FALL HIGH CUTS — and they're SOME Shoes. Looks like the next lot of these same shoes will have to go up to \$4!

Remaining broken lots Men's \$3.50 to \$6.00 \$2.95 Tableful of \$2.50 to \$1.50 \$5 broken sizes at...\$1.50 All Men's White Shoes Cut \$2.50 & \$3 kinds, \$1.95 & \$2.45 Women's \$2.50 to \$5.00 Low Shoes at \$1.50

Final Clearaway

B LACKS, whites and all this season's popular colors. Some kinds in all sizes-others mostly small

Women's Bathing Shoes

\$4 to \$7 kinds, \$3.85 & \$4.85 NOW 19c & 59c Some Season's End "Specials" for Young Folks

Misses' \$1.50 to \$2.00 White High and Low Shoes 79c Boys' and Girls' Barefoot Sandals and Play Oxfords \$1

Boys' \$2.00 White Duck Outing Oxfords \$1.39 Misses' and Children's \$2 and \$2.50 Black, Tan and \$1.49
Patent Plain and Novelty Low Shoes......



You Can't Be Happy If Feet Trouble You-Come

and Talk It Over With Our "FOOT DOCTOR."

8 RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES

Fighting at Maurepas. Last night's communication regarding

"On the right bank of the Meuse (Ver-

played great activity, as did ours, in the region of Thiaumont work. Toward 2

o'clock this morning the Germans made

an attempt agains the village of Fleury

which failed utterly.

part of the enemy were rendered futile. British attacks were again directed against the projecting angle be tween Thienval and Pozieres and mont. Near Maurepas, and especially to the south, strong French forces were repulsed after stubborn fighting at

various places.

"On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) the artillery fighting in the Thiaumont-Fleury sector and in the wooded mountain near Chaptire increased considerably in intensity. Several French attacks south of Thiaumont work broke down.

CAUSES THIRD DEATH

Capt. Horace P. Hobbs, United States

if it has its full equipment, exclusive of animals. If it is found so it will be reported to the Eastern Department as ready. It now seems probable that this organization will be reported ready before any other now in the camp. Battery A, Field Artillery, needs about six men. The infantry is not yet equipped. Papers covering the property inspected and condemned have not yet come back from the War Department. Until they do Capt. Chase, quartermaster of the regiment, cannot make requisitions for new property. Copies of the inspection report of condemned property have to accompany the requisitions for the new. It probably will be a week or more before this feature is cleaned up.

NEW YORK, August 25 .- The epi-

work broke down.

"During the last few days one enemy aeroplane has been shot down at each of the following places: In aerial engagements near Bazentin and also west of Peronne; by anti-aircraft guns, in the region of Richebourg and near Lament and out of Virginia bundles of planard out of Virginia or the state of Columbia, has spent \$1,373.69 for such state's quarantine against infantile pawork since its organization, about two months ago.

"No person under sixteen years of age," the proclamation says, "shall enter the state of Virginia or any territorial division thereof from the states of New York, New Jersey or Pennsylvania, unless such person be a resident of Columbia, has spent \$1,373.69 for such of Columbia, has

SOLDIERS' FAMILIES AIDED.

Citizens' Welfare Association Has

Spent \$1,373.69 on Dependents.

The Citizens' Welfare Association, or-